

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**1.1 Product identifiers**Product name: **BUTANOIC ACID**CAS-No.: **107-92-6**Product Number: **A66540****1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Identified uses: Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheetCompany : Philip Harris Ltd., 2 Gregory Street, Hyde, Cheshire, SK14 4HR,
UNITED KINGDOM

Telephone: +44 (0)845 1200 506 Fax: +44 (0)161 367 2140

Email: enquiries@philipharris.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone numberEmergency Phone #: **+44 (0)845 1200 506****2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]:** Skin corrosion (Category 1B)**Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC:** Causes burns.**2.2 Label elements****Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]**

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s): H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.**Precautionary statement(s):** P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended.



Hazard symbol(s)

R-phrases): R34 Causes burns.

S-phrase(s): S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36 Wear suitable protective clothing.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

2.3 Other hazards – Stench.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Butanoic Acid (*Butyric acid*)

Formula: **CH₃CH₂CH₂COOH**

Molecular Weight: **88.11g/mol**

CAS-No.: **107-92-6**

EC-No.: **203-532-3**

Index-No.: **607-135-00-X**

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice:

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled:

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact:

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eye contact:

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

If swallowed:

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., Cough, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

5.3 Precautions for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end uses

no data available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - rat - 2,940 mg/kg

LD50 Dermal - rabbit - 6,083 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - rabbit - Corrosive

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro - Human - HeLa cell: DNA damage

Genotoxicity in vitro - Human – lymphocyte: DNA inhibition

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

Potential health effects

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Causes burns.

Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns.

Eyes Causes eye burns.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., Cough, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

Additional Information

RTECS: ES5425000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC0 - *Leuciscus idus melanotus* - 96 mg/L - 48 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.

EC50 - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - 61.7 mg/L - 24 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Biotic/Aerobic - Exposure time 5 d

Biotic/Aerobic

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

12.6 Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic life.

Avoid release to the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN-Number

ADR/RID: 2820 IMDG: 2820 IATA: 2820

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: BUTYRIC ACID

IMDG: BUTYRIC ACID

IATA: BUTYRIC ACID

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8 IATA: 8

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for users

no data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

no data available

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

no data available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

no data available