

PETROLEUM SPIRIT 40-60C

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Compilation date: 03/03/2015

Revision No: 1

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: PETROLEUM SPIRIT 40-60C

CAS number: 101316-46-5
EINECS number: 309-852-0
Product code: A69917

Synonyms: PETROLEUM ETHER

PETROLEUM BENZIN

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of substance / mixture: Laboratory Chemicals, Manufacture of Substances.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: PHILIP HARRIS

2 Gregory Street

Hyde Cheshire SK14 4HR

United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0)845 1200 506 **Fax:** +44 (0)161 367 2140

Email: enquiries@philipharris.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency tel: +44 (0) 845 1200 506

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CHIP: F: R11; Xi: R38; Xn: R48/20; N: R51/53; Xn: R62; Xn: R65; -: R67

Classification under CLP: Repr. 2: H361fd; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H336; Carc. 1B:

H350; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Aquatic Chronic 2: H411

Most important adverse effects: Highly flammable. Irritating to skin. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by

prolonged exposure through inhalation. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause

long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Possible risk of impaired fertility. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

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2.2. Label elements

Label elements:

Hazard statements: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361fd: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

[inhalation (vapour)].

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signal words: Danger

Hazard pictograms: GHS02: Flame

GHS07: Exclamation mark GHS08: Health hazard GHS09: Environmental









Precautionary statements: P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P261: Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P301+310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.

Label elements under CHIP:

Hazard symbols: Extremely flammable.

Harmful.
Toxic.

Dangerous for the environment.









Risk phrases: R11: Highly flammable.

R38: Irritating to skin.

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R48/20: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R62: Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety phrases: S53: Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S45: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show

the label where possible).

S1: Keep locked up.

Precautionary phrases: Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical identity: PETROLEUM - PETROLEUM

CAS number: 101316-46-5 **EINECS number:** 309-852-0

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.

Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still

on skin. Consult a doctor.

Eye contact: Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give half a litre of water

to drink immediately. Consult a doctor.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If breathing

is irregular or stopped, administer artifical respiration. Consult a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact.

Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. Nausea and stomach

pain may occur. There may be vomiting.

Inhalation: There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate / special treatment: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers. CO2, extingushing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet

or alcohol-resistant foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: In combustion emits toxic fumes.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact

with skin and eyes.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Refer to section 8 of SDS for personal protection details. If outside do not approach from

downwind. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the

contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Turn

leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid. Avoid breathing vapours,

mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Beware of vapours accumulating to form

explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Contain the spillage using bunding.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Absorb into dry earth or sand. Contain spillage, and then collect with an electronically

protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal

according to local regulations (see section 13). Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage

container for disposal by an appropriate method.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections: Refer to section 8 of SDS. Refer to section 13 of SDS.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

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Do not handle in a confined space. Avoid the formation or spread of mists in the air. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking. For precautions see section 2.2

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. The floor of the

storage room must be impermeable to prevent the escape of liquids.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): Apart from uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits: No data available.

DNEL/PNEC Values

DNEL / PNEC No data available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. The floor of the storage room must be

impermeable to prevent the escape of liquids. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency. Where risk

assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full face respirator with multi purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN14387 respirator cartridges as a back up to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection use a full face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested & approved

under appropriate government standards eg CEN (EU) or NIOSH (US).

Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal

technique (without touching the gloves outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this

product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use.

Wash and dry hands. Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M) Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Eye protection: Face shield and safety glasses. Use equipment for eye protection test and approved

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under approperiate government statments such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU) Ensure

eye bath is to hand.

Skin protection: Impermeable protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected

according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific

workplace.

Environmental: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Liquid

Colour: Colourless

Evaporation rate: No data available.

Oxidising: No data available.

Solubility in water: No data available.

Viscosity: No data available.

Boiling point/range°C: 40-60 **Melting point/range°C:** No data available.

Flammability limits %: lower: No data available.

upper: No data available.Part.coeff. n-octanol/water: No data available.

Flash point°C: exact value -40

Autoflammability°C: No data available.

Vapour pressure: No data available.

Relative density: 0.65 G/ML @ 20oC

pH: No data available.

VOC g/I: No data available.

9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

Decomposition may occur on exposure to conditions or materials listed below.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Flames. Sparks Sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes. In the event of fire see section 5.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Hazardous ingredients:

PETROLEUM - PETROLEUM

ORL	MUS	LD50	>4300	mg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	>4300	mg/kg

Relevant hazards for substance:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated
Carcinogenicity		Hazardous: calculated
Reproductive toxicity		Hazardous: calculated
STOT-single exposure	-	Hazardous: calculated
STOT-repeated exposure	-	Hazardous: calculated

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact.

Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. Nausea and stomach

pain may occur. There may be vomiting.

Inhalation: There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: Not biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: Bioaccumulation potential.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: Readily absorbed into soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

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12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: Toxic to aquatic organisms. Toxic to soil organisms.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal

company. Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable

solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Disposal of packaging: Dispose of as unused product.

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national

regulations regarding disposal.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number: UN1268

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 3

14.4. Packing group

Packing group: |

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: Yes Marine pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special precautions: No special precautions.

Tunnel code: D/E
Transport category: 1

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture

by the supplier.

Section 16: Other information

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Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

* indicates text in the SDS which has changed since the last revision.

Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361fd: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

R11: Highly flammable.

R38: Irritating to skin.

R48/20: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R62: Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Legal disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.