# ooo philip harris



#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING 1.1 Product identifiers **SODIUM NITRATE** Product name: CAS-No.: 7631-99-4 Product Number: A71523 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances Identified uses: 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Philip Harris Ltd., 2 Gregory Street, Hyde, Cheshire, SK14 4HR, Company : UNITED KINGDOM Telephone: +44 (0)845 1200 506 Fax: +44 (0)161 367 2140 Email: enquiries@philipharris.co.uk 1.4 Emergency telephone number Emergency Phone #: +44 (0)845 1200 506

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) No1272/2008; Oxidizing solids (Category 3), Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), Skin irritation (Category 2), Eye irritation (Category 2), Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3)

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended: Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

2.2 Label elements

Pictogram

Signal word



Warning

**Hazard statement(s):** H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

**Precautionary statement(s):** P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials. P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.





## Hazard symbol(s):

**R-phrase(s):** R 8 Contact with combustible material may cause fire. R22 Harmful if swallowed. R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

**S-phrase(s):** S17 Keep away from combustible material. S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

2.3 Other hazards - no data available.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances					
Sodium nitrate (Synonyms : Chile salpeter)					
Formula:	NaNO <sub>3</sub>				
Molecular Weight:	84.99				
CAS-No.:	7631-99-4				
EC-No.:	231-554-3				

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled: If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact: Wash off with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eye contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

If swallowed: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: no data available

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: no data available

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: no data available

**5.3** *Precautions for fire-fighters:* Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information: Use water spray to cool unopened containers

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1** *Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:* Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not let product enter drains.

**6.3** *Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:* Sweep up and shovel. Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections: For disposal see section 13.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**7.1** *Precautions for safe handling:* Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

**7.2** Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store in cool place.

7.3 Specific end uses: no data available.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters: Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection:** Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

**Skin protection:** Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

**Body Protection:** Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

**Respiratory protection:** Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

9. PHYSICAL AND CH	EMICAL	. PROPERT	IES			
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties						
a) Appearance:	Form:	Solid		Colour: no data available		
b) Odour:		no data available		e		
c) Odour Threshold:		no data available				
d) pH:		pH 9 at 100 g/l at 20 °C				
e) Melting/freezing poin	t:	306 °C		Melting point/range: no data available		
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range: 380 °C						
g) Flash point:		no data av	ailabl	e		
h) Evaporation rate:		no data av	ailabl	e		
i) Flammability (solid, ga	as):	no data av	ailabl	e		
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: no data available						
k) Vapour pressure:		no data av	ailabl	e		
I) Vapour density:		no data av	ailabl	e		
m) Relative density:		2.261 g/cm	า3			
n) Water solubility:		874 g/l at 2	20 °C			
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: -3.8 at 25 °C						
p) Autoignition tempera	ture:	no data av	ailabl	e		
q) Decomposition temp	erature:	no data av	ailabl	e		
r) Viscosity:		no data av	ailabl	e		
s) Explosive properties:		no data av	ailabl	e		
t) Oxidizing properties:		no data av	ailabl	e		
9.2 Other safety inforr	nation:	no data av	ailabl	e		

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 *Reactivity:* no data available

10.2 Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: no data available

**10.4** *Conditions to avoid:* Fusion of mixtures of metal cyanides, including lead thiocyanate, with metal chlorates, perchlorates, nitrates or nitrites causes a violent explosion. Addition of one solid component (even as a residue in small amount) to another molten component is also highly dangerous. Heat.

**10.5** *Incompatible materials:* Strong acids, Strong reducing agents, Powdered metals, Organic materials, Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metals, Cyanides, thiocyanates

**10.6** *Hazardous decomposition products:* formed under fire conditions. - Sodium oxides, nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Nature of decomposition products not known.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity: LD50 Oral - rat - 1,267 mg/kg

LD50 Oral - rabbit - 2,680 mg/kg

LDLO Oral - Child - 22.5 mg/kg

LD50 Intravenous - mouse - 175 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation: no data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization: no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster – fibroblast. Cytogenetic analysis

Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster - Embryo. Host-mediated assay

Genotoxicity in vitro - Human - HeLa cell.Unscheduled DNA synthesis

Genotoxicity in vivo - mouse - Oral. Micronucleus test

Genotoxicity in vivo - mouse - Oral. Cytogenetic analysis

Genotoxicity in vivo - mouse - Oral. sperm

Carcinogenicity: Carcinogenicity - rat - Oral

Tumorigenic:Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Liver:Tumors.

Carcinogenicity - rat - Oral

Tumorigenic:Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors. Tumorigenic Effects: Testicular tumors.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

**Reproductive toxicity:** Reproductive toxicity - mouse - male - Oral

Paternal Effects: Spermatogenesis (including genetic material, sperm morphology, motility, and count).

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation. Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: no data available

Aspiration hazard: no data available

#### Potential health effects

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation.

**Eyes** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:** Absorption into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin which in sufficient concentration causes cyanosis. Onset may be delayed 2 to 4 hours or longer.

Additional Information: RTECS: WC5600000

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**12.1** *Toxicity:* Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - *Gambusia affinis* (Mosquito fish) - 6,650 mg/l - 96 h Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 6,000 mg/l - 24 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability: no data available

- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: no data available
- 12.4 Mobility in soil: no data available
- 12.5 *Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:* no data available
- 12.6 Other adverse effects: no data available

#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product:** Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Contaminated packaging: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION										
14.1 UN-Number										
ADR/RID:	1498	IMDG:	1498	IATA:	1498					
14.2 UN proper shipping name										
ADR/RID:		SODIUM NITRATE								
IMDG:		SODIUM NITRATE								
IATA:		SODIUM NITRATE								
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)										
ADR/RID:	5.1	IMDG:	5.1	IATA:	5.1					
14.4 Packaging group										
ADR/RID:		IMDG:	III	IATA:	III					
14.5 Environmental hazards										
ADR/RID:	no	IMDG Marine p	ollutant: no	IATA: no						
14.6 Special precautions for users: EMS-No: F-A, S-Q										

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

**16. OTHER INFORMATION:** Acute Tox. Acute toxicity, Eye Irrit. Eye irritation, H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. Ox. Sol. Oxidizing solids, Skin Irrit. Skin irritation, O Oxidising, Xn Harmful, R 8 Contact with combustible material may cause fire. R22 Also harmful if swallowed. R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.