



Think ahead.

Tork Wiping Paper Plus

101260



Description

The 2-ply multipurpose Tork Wiping Paper Plus is ideal for mopping up liquids and hand wiping. This paper can be used in the Tork® Centrefeed dispenser, which is a high capacity versatile solution for professional environments where both hand and surface wiping is required.

- Soft and strong, yet absorbent paper, for more efficient drying with less waste
- Operable with one hand makes it easy to use
- Easy core removal
- 100% recycled
- Advanced
- Multipurpose

Certifications



Tork
Advanced


Product Details

Number of Sheets	457
Roll width	19.4 cm
Roll diameter	19 cm
Core inside diameter	5.9 cm
Print	No
Sheet length	35 cm
Ply	2
Roll length	159.95 m
System	M2
Color	White

Shipping Data

	Consumer Units (CON)	Transport unit (TRP)	Pallet (PAL)
EAN	7322540470086	7322540470093	7322540715842
Packaging Material	none	Plastic	-
Pieces	1	6 (6 CON)	180 (30 TRP)
Height	194 mm	194 mm	1,325 mm
Length	190 mm	570 mm	1,200 mm
Width	190 mm	380 mm	1,000 mm
Gross Weight	1,247.87 g	7.54 kg	226.32 kg
Net Weight	1,222.59 g	7.34 kg	220.07 kg
Volume	7 dm3	42.02 dm3	1.26 m3
Layers Per Pallet	-	-	6
TRP Per Layer	-	-	5

Compatible Products

			
Tork Centrefeed Dispenser White 559000	Tork Centrefeed Dispenser Black 559008	Tork Centrefeed Dispenser Turquoise 659000	Tork Centrefeed Dispenser Red/Smoke 659008

Environmental Information

Content	The product is made from Fresh fibres Recycled fibres Chemicals The packaging material is made from paper or plastic.
Material	<p>Fresh fibres and recycled fibres In the tissue process, both fresh fibres and recovered paper are being used. The choice of pulp is made based on product requirements and pulp availability so the pulp is used in the most efficient way. Recycling of paper is an efficient use of resources as the wood fibres are used more than once. High demands are put on quality and purity of recovered fibres, considering each step of the chain (collection, sorting, transport, storage, use), to ensure safe and hygienic products. Recycled fibres can be produced from different types of recovered paper, such as collected newsprint, magazines, office waste, paper cups, drink cartons, corrugated boxes and paper hand towels. The choice of recovered paper grades is made for each product, depending on its specific requirements on performance properties and brightness. The paper is dissolved in water, washed and treated with chemicals under high temperature and screened to separate out impurities.Fresh fibre pulp is produced from softwood or hardwood. The wood is subject to chemical and/or mechanical processes where the cellulose fibres are separated out and lignin and other residuals are removed.Bleaching of pulp, used for tissue, is primarily a process to remove substances that could have a negative effect on important properties of the finished product such as purity, absorption, strength and colour of the pulp. There are two different methods used today for bleaching fresh fibre pulp: ECF (elementary chlorine free), where chlorine dioxide is used, and TCF (totally chlorine free) where ozone, oxygen and hydrogen peroxide are used. Bleaching of the recycled fibre pulp is done using chlorine-free bleaching agents (hydrogen peroxide and sodium dithionite).</p>
Chemicals	<p>All chemicals (process aids as well as additives) are assessed from an environmental, occupational health and safety and product safety point of view. To control product performance we use additives: Wet strength agents (for Wipers and Hand Towels) Dry strength agents (are used together with mechanical treatment of the pulp to make strong products like wipers) For coloured papers dyes and fixatives (to secure perfect fastness of the colour) are added For printed products printing inks (pigments with carriers and fixatives) are applied For multi ply products we often use a water soluble glue to secure the integrity of the product In most of our mills we do not add optical brighteners but it often occurs in recovered paper since it is used in printing paper. We do not use softeners for professional hygiene products. High product quality is secured through quality and hygiene management systems throughout production, storage and transport. In order to maintain a stable process and product quality the paper manufacturing process is supported by the following chemicals/ process aids: defoamers (surfactants and dispersing agents) pH-control (sodium hydroxide and sulphuric acid) retention aids (chemicals that help to agglomerate small fibres to prevent fibre loss) Coating chemicals (that help to control the creping of the paper to make it soft and absorbent) To reuse broke and to utilise recovered fibres we use: Pulping aid (chemicals that help to repulp wet strong paper) Flocculation chemicals (that help to clean out printing inks and fillers from recovered paper) Bleaching agents (to increase the brightness of pulp from recovered paper) <</p>

In the cleaning of our waste water we use flocculation agents and nutrients for the biological treatment to secure that no negative impact on water quality comes from our mills.

Food Contact	This product fulfills the legislative requirements for Food Contact materials, confirmed by external certification performed by a third party. The product is safe for wiping food contact surfaces and may also come occasionally into contact with foodstuffs for a short period of time.
Environmental certification	This product is certified with the EU Ecolabel with certificate number SE/004/001. This product is certified for FSC® with certificate number SA-COC-008266.
Packaging	Fulfilment of Packaging and Packaging Waste Directive (94/62/EC): Yes
Article creation date and latest article revision	Date of issue: 24-04-2020 Revision date: 21-04-2025
Production	This product is produced at Skelmersdale - GB mill and certified according to ISO 9001, ISO 14001 (Environmental management systems), OHSAS 18001 and FSC Chain-Of-Custody.
Disposal/destruction of used product	This product is used both for personal hygiene and for industrial processes. When used in industrial processes the product might through use be contaminated with different substances. This will determine how the used product will be handled / disposed of /destroyed. The product itself is suitable for incineration. If used in industrial processes contact local authorities before destruction. When used for personal hygiene it can be collected together with household waste.

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